Measurement



Using measures

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights mass/weight capacity and volume time measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights mass/weight capacity and volume time (hours, minutes, seconds) 	 choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and = 	 measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (l/ml) 	 Convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre; hour to minute] estimate, compare and calculate different measures 	 convert between different units of metric measure understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling 	 solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to 3 d.p. where appropriate use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to 3 d.p. convert between miles and kilometres
Spring 4 Spring 5 Summer 6	Spring 3 Spring 4	Spring 2 Spring 4	Spring 2 Summer 3	Spring 4 Summer 5 Summer 6	Autumn 5



Money

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes 	 recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change 	 add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts 	 estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence 	 use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, money] 	
Summer 5	Spring 1	Summer 2	Summer 2	Summer 3	



Time

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening] recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times 	 compare and sequence intervals of time tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day 	 tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year compare durations of events [for example to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks] 	 read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days 	 solve problems involving converting between units of time 	 use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa Note – In the WRM schemes, time conversions are covered in Y5; the Y6 block concentrates on metric units.
Summer 6	Summer 2	Summer 3	Summer 3	Summer 5	Autumn 5



Perimeter, area, volume

Year 1 Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	 measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes 	 measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares 	 measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares) and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes estimate volume [for example, using blocks to build cuboids] and capacity [for example, using water] 	 recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units
	Spring 2	Autumn 3 Spring 2	Spring 4 Summer 6	Spring 5

