

Using the Seven Features of Effective Practice



in the EYFS at Roskear Primary & Nursery School

We know that high-quality early years education, with a strong focus on communication, is good for every child. It is especially positive for disadvantaged children.

The early years are the crucial years for making a difference. The EYFS is about how children learn, as well as what they learn. Children need opportunities to develop their own play and independent exploration which is enjoyable and motivating. They also need adults to 'scaffold' their learning by giving them just enough help to achieve something they could not do independently. Helping children to think, discuss and plan is important. These are ways of helping children to develop the characteristics of effective learning (playing and exploring, active learning, creating and thinking critically).

When children are at earlier stages of development than expected, it is important for practitioners to notice what they enjoy doing and find out where their difficulties may lie. They may need extra support so that they quickly become secure in their learning and make accelerated progress.

We incorporate the seven features into our practice, so that we can deliver high-quality provision that meets the learning and development needs of each child in our EYFS.

The seven features are:

1. The best for every child:

All children deserve to have an equal chance of success.

- High-quality early education is good for all children. It is especially important for children from disadvantaged backgrounds.
- When they start school, children from disadvantaged backgrounds are, on average, 4 months behind their peers. We need to do more to narrow that gap.
- Children who have lived through difficult experiences can begin to grow stronger when they experience high quality early education and care.
- High-quality early education and care is inclusive. Children's special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) are identified quickly. All children promptly receive any extra help they need, so they can progress well in their learning.

2. High-quality care

The child's experience must always be central to the thinking of every practitioner.

• Babies, toddlers and young children thrive when they are loved and well cared for.

- High-quality care is consistent. Every practitioner needs to enjoy spending time with young children.
- Effective practitioners are responsive to children and babies. They notice when a baby looks towards them and gurgles and respond with pleasure.
- Practitioners understand that toddlers are learning to be independent, so they will sometimes get frustrated.
- Practitioners know that starting school, and all the other transitions in the early years, are big steps for small children.

3. Curriculum

The curriculum is a top-level plan of everything the early years setting wants the children to learn.

- Planning to help every child to develop their language is vital.
- The curriculum needs to be ambitious. Careful sequencing will help children to build their learning over time.
- Young children's learning is often driven by their interests. Plans need to be flexible.
- Babies and young children do not develop in a fixed way. Their development is like a spider's web with many strands, not a straight line.
- Depth in early learning is much more important than covering lots of things in a superficial way.

4. <u>Pedagogy</u>

Children are powerful learners. Every child can make progress in their learning, with the right help.

- Effective pedagogy is a mix of different approaches. Children learn through play, by adults modelling, by observing each other, and through quided learning and direct teaching.
- Practitioners carefully organise enabling environments for high-quality play. Sometimes, they make time and space available for children to invent their own play. Sometimes, they join in to sensitively support and extend children's learning.
- Children in the early years also learn through group work when practitioners guide their learning.
- Older children need more of this guided learning.
- A well-planned learning environment, indoors and outside, is an important aspect of pedagogy

5. Assessment

Assessment is about noticing what children can do and what they know. It is not about lots of data and evidence.

- Effective assessment requires practitioners to understand child development. Practitioners also need to be clear about what they want children to know and be able to do.
- Accurate assessment can highlight whether a child has a special educational need and needs extra help.
- Before assessing children, it's a good idea to think about whether the assessments will be useful.
- · Assessment should not take practitioners away from the children for long periods of time.

6. Self-regulation and executive function

Executive function includes the child's ability to:

- hold information in mind
- focus their attention
- think flexibly
- inhibit impulsive behaviour.
- These abilities contribute to the child's growing ability to self-regulate:
- concentrate their thinking
- plan what to do next
- monitor what they are doing and adapt
- regulate strong feelings
- be patient for what they want
- bounce back when things get difficult.
- Language development is central to self-regulation: children use language to guide their actions and plans.

Pretend play gives many opportunities for children to focus their thinking, persist and plan ahead.

7. Partnership with parents.

It is important for parents and early years settings to have a strong and respectful partnership. This sets the scene for children to thrive in the early years.

- This includes listening regularly to parents and giving parents clear information about their children's progress.
- The help that parents give their children at home has a very significant impact on their learning.
- Some children get much less support for their learning at home than others. By knowing and understanding all the children and their families, settings can offer extra help to those who need it most.

It is important to encourage all parents to chat, play and read with their childre	n.